



# Dynamic Inter Array Cables

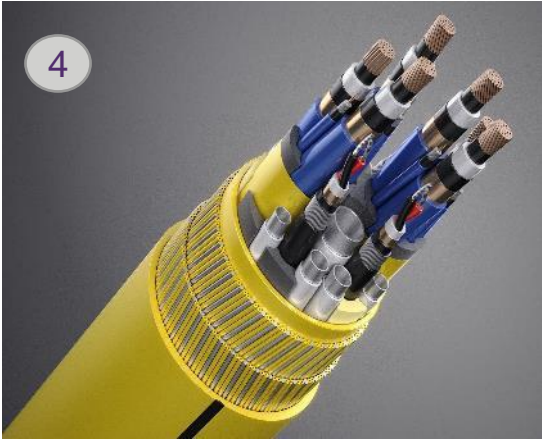
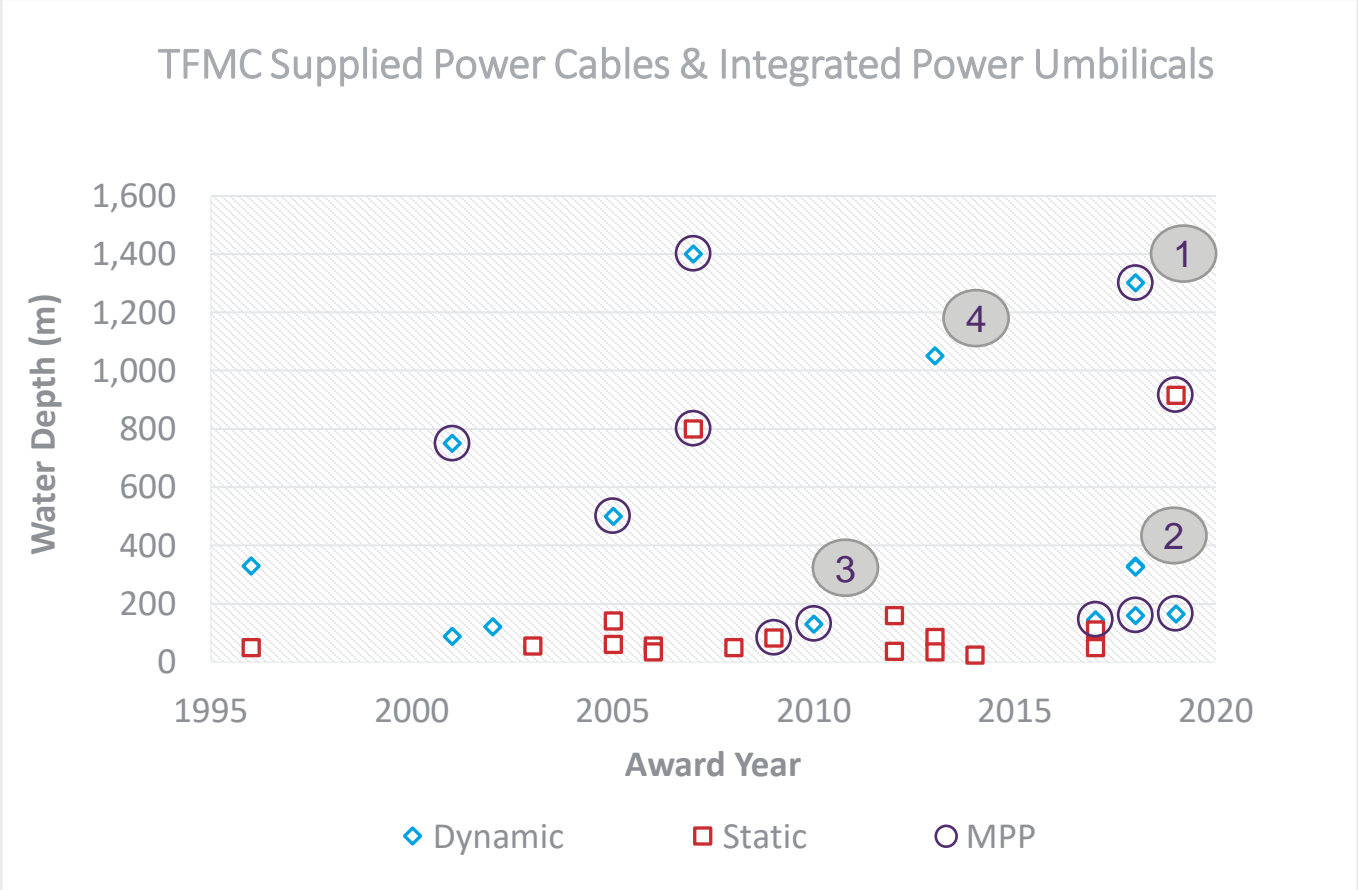
## Risk & Risk Management

Dr Alan Dobson

# Umbilical Technology

## Medium Voltage Power Distribution Subsea

### Typical Deep Water Multiphase Pumping Umbilical



# Cable Technology

## Dynamic Power Distribution Subsea: Umbilical Structure

### Design Standards:

- ISO 13628-5
- API17E
- CIGRE TB623
- CIGRE TB722
- CIGRE TB862



#	Part	Function
1	Helical Bundle	Helically twisted bundle of components
2	Polymer Fillers	Improve handling and protect components
3	Tape	Improve handling during manufacture
4	Inner Polymer Sheath	Protect Components from armour loads
5	Armour Layers	Provide strength and ballast
6	Outer Polymer Sheath	Protect armour layers

### Potential Failure Modes:

- Helical bundle over tension / bending
- Helical bundle wear
- Helical bundle torsional
- Helical bundle constriction
- Helical bundle compressive overload
- Inner / Outer sheath embrittlement
- Inner / Outer sheath hydrolysis
- Armour wire knuckles
- Armour wire bird-caging
- Armour wire tensile overload
- Armour Fatigue
- Armour wire corrosion
- Armour wire trellis wear
- Outer sheath tearing / piercing

# Cable Technology

## Dynamic Power Distribution Subsea: Power Core



#	Part	Function
1	Conductor	Power Transfer
2	Semi Conductor	Minimise electrical stress on insulation
3	Insulation	Insulate electrical conductor
4	Semi Conductor	Minimise electrical stress on screen
5	Conducting screen	Provides grounding for secondary currents
6	Outer Sheath	Protects screen

### Design Standards:

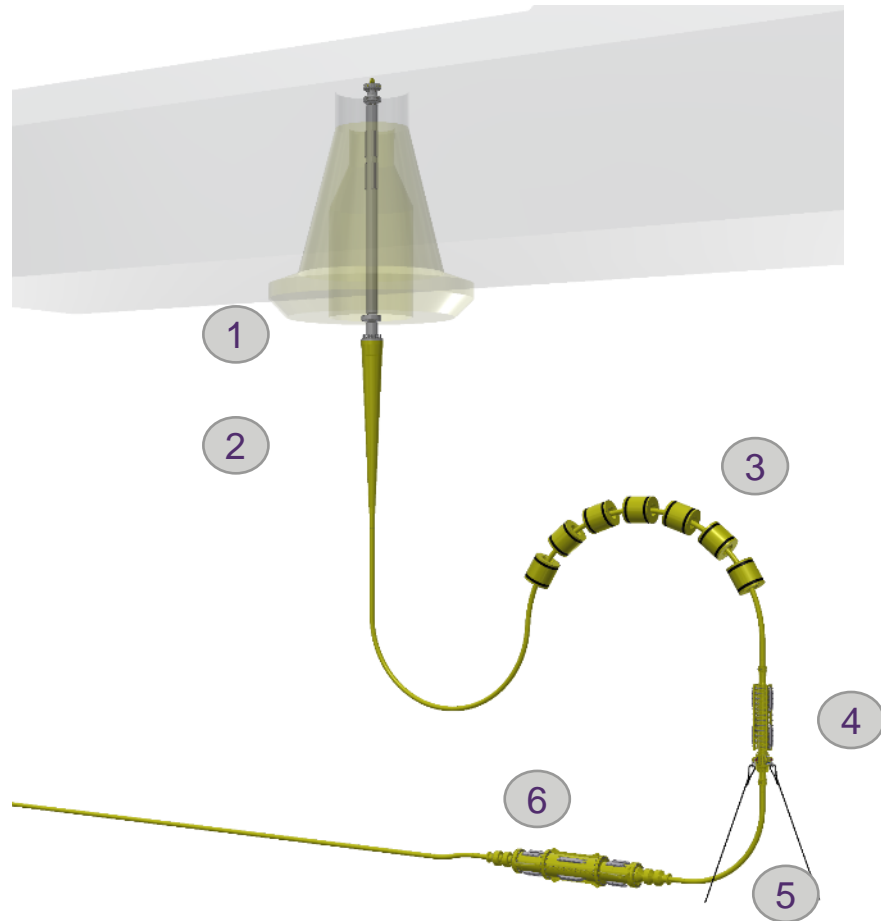
- ISO 13628-5
- API 17E
- IEC 60502-2
- IEC 60840
- IEC 63026
- Cenelec HD605

### Potential Failure Modes:

- Conductor mechanically over stressed
- Conductor strand trellis wear
- Insulation electrically overstressed
- Conductor Fatigue
- Insulation thinning
- Insulation ageing
- Insulation over heating
- Semi conductor delamination / thinning
- Conducting screen over stressed
- Outer sheath torn / pierced
- Corrosions of metallic layers
- Water penetration

# Cable Technology

## Dynamic Power Distribution Subsea: Configuration



#	Part	Function
1	Latching Mechanism	Quick connection of cable to host
2	Bend Stiffener	Prevent overbending of cable
3	Buoyancy Modules	Support catenary overlength of cable
4	Tether Clamp	Connect cable to seabed
5	TDP Protection	Prevent wear to cable at seabed
6	Transition Joint	Connect cable to export or static cables

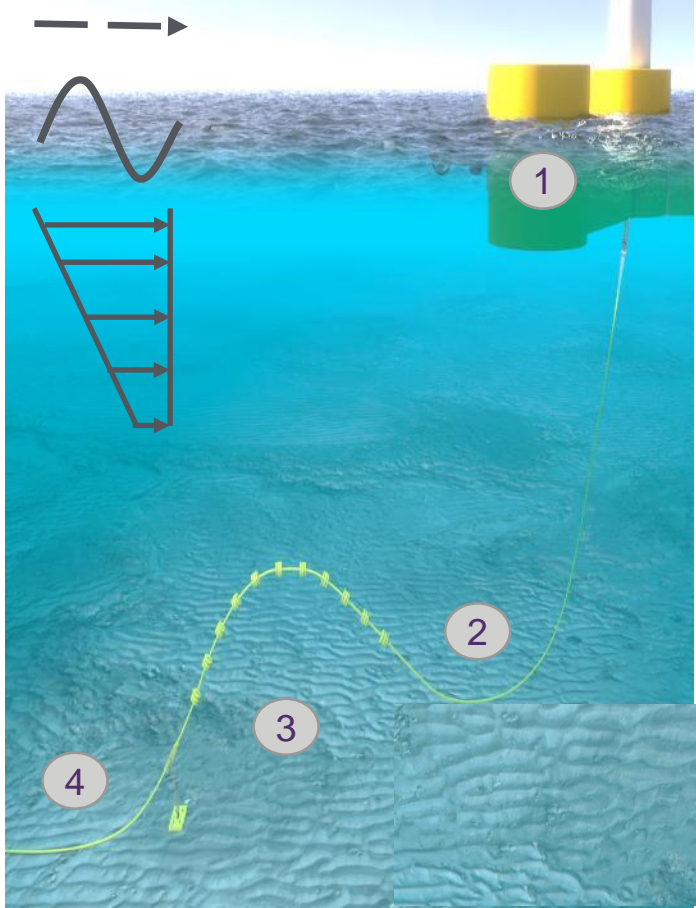
### Potential Failure Modes:

- Fatigue of latching mechanism
- Wear of latching mechanism
- Bend stiffener cracking
- Marine growth fouling
- Buoyancy slipping
- Buoyancy flooding
- Clamp crushing cable
- Clamp slipping
- TDP protection wear
- Corrosion of metallic parts
- Embrittlement of metallic parts
- Cable splice electrical breakdown

# Cable Technology

## Dynamic Power Distribution Subsea: Dynamic Service Risks

### Impact of Dynamic Environment

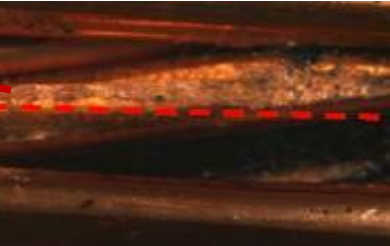
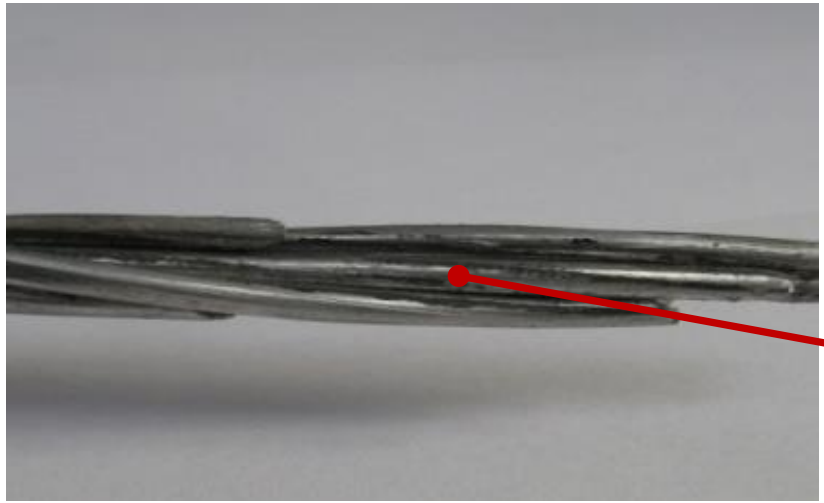
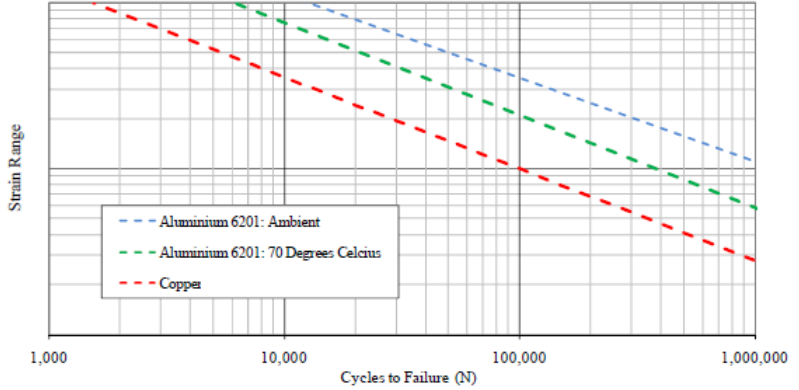


**Hang-Off**  
 Impact  
 VIV Fatigue  
 Environmental Fatigue

**Sag & Hog**  
 Fatigue

**Touch Down Point**  
 Fatigue  
 Abrasion

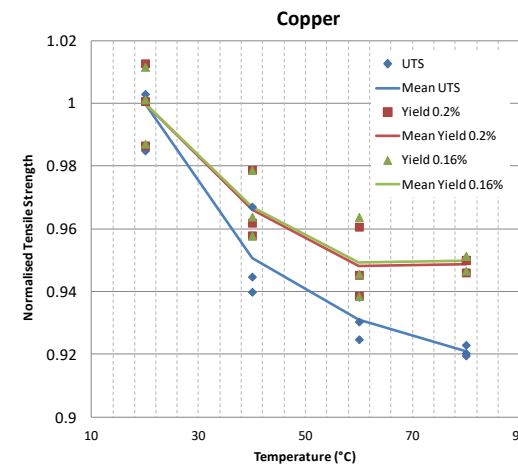
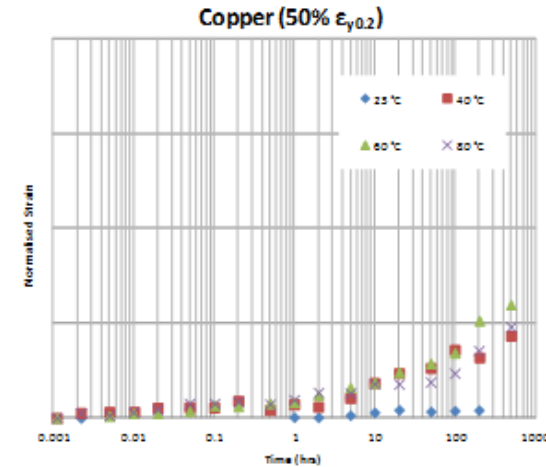
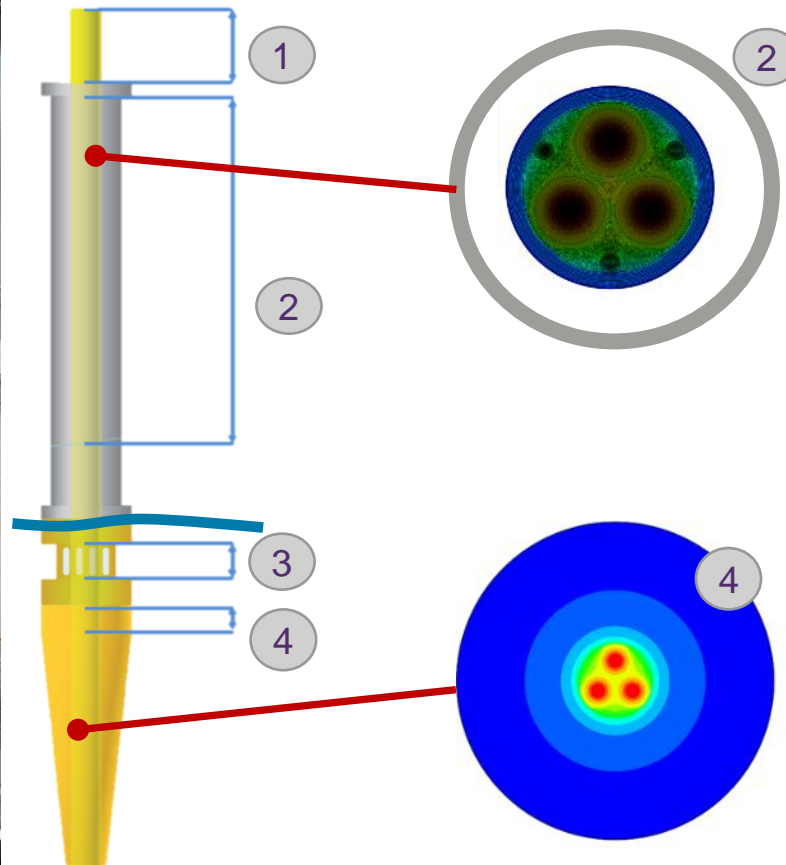
### Cable Fatigue Damage



# Cable Technology

## Dynamic Power Distribution Subsea: Static Service Risks

### Environment & Current induced Temperature Rise



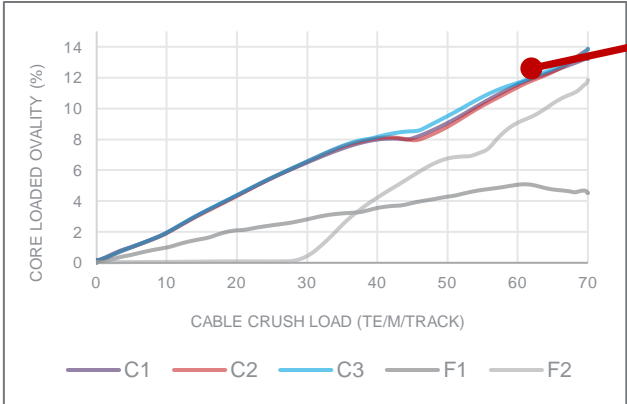
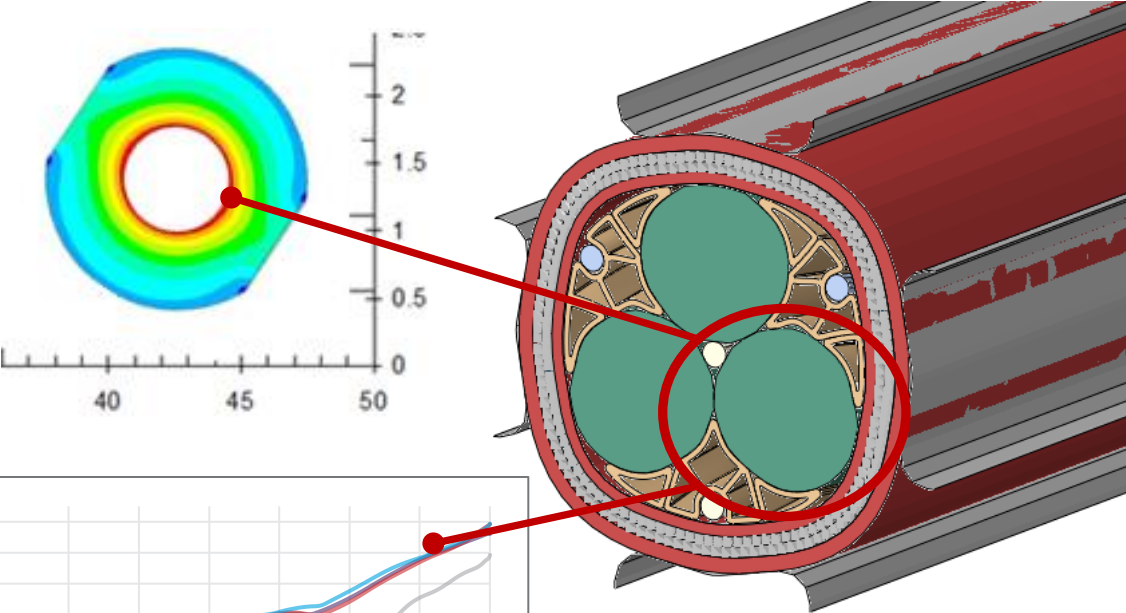
**Impact of Operating Temperature:**  
 Bundle load share  
 Material Creep  
 Thermal ratcheting

**Impact of Operating Temperature:**  
 Corrosion of Metallics  
 Electrolysis of Polymers  
 Fatigue strength reduction  
 Tensile Strength reduction

# Cable Technology

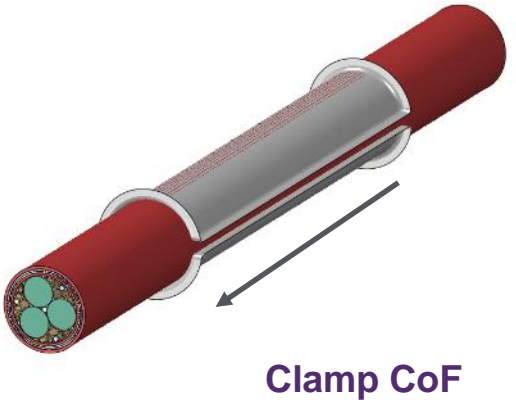
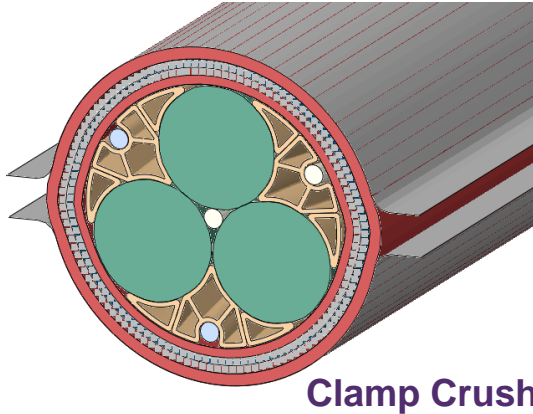
## Dynamic Power Distribution Subsea: Clamping Risks

### Impact of Radial Loading



**Cable Deformation**  
 High Electrical Stress  
 Overheating  
 Premature Ageing  
 Fatigue Life Reduction

### Clamping Consideration





# Cable Technology

## Dynamic Power Distribution Subsea: Summary



### Guaranteed System Integrity Requires:

- A comprehensive understanding of the coupled mechanics of the system: Thermal, Mechanical and Electrical
- A comprehensive understanding of the material ageing mechanisms which are influenced by the system mechanics
- Qualified and proven materials and system design guidelines to minimize the influence of ageing

